

NiCd/NiMH Fast-Charge Management ICs

Features

- ➤ Fast charge of nickel cadmium or nickel-metal hydride batteries
- ➤ Direct LED output displays charge status
- ➤ Fast-charge termination by rate of rise of temperature, maximum voltage, maximum temperature, and maximum time
- ➤ Internal band-gap voltage reference
- Optional top-off charge (bq2002T only)
- ➤ Selectable pulse-trickle charge rates (bq2002T only)
- ➤ Low-power mode
- ➤ 8-pin 300-mil DIP or 150-mil SOIC

General Description

The bq2002D/T Fast-Charge IC are low-cost CMOS battery-charge controllers able to provide reliable charge termination for both NiCd and NiMH battery applications. Controlling a current-limited or constant-current supply allows the bq2002D/T to be the basis for a cost-effective stand-alone or system-integrated charger. The bq2002D/T integrates fast charge with optional top-off and pulsed-trickle control in a single IC for charging one or more NiCd or NiMH battery cells.

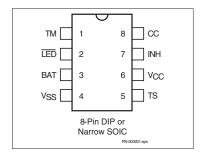
Fast charge is initiated on application of the charging supply or battery replacement. For safety, fast charge is inhibited if the battery temperature and voltage are outside configured limits

Fast charge is terminated by any of the following:

- Rate of temperature rise
- Maximum voltage
- Maximum temperature
- Maximum time

After fast charge, the bq2002T optionally tops-off and pulse-trickles the battery per the pre-configured limits. Fast charge may be inhibited using the INH pin. The bq2002D/T may be placed in low-standby-power mode to reduce system power consumption.

Pin Connections



Pin Names

TM	Timer mode select input	TS	Temperature sense input
LED	Charging status output	V_{CC}	Supply voltage input
BAT	Battery voltage input	INH	Charge inhibit input
V_{SS}	System ground	CC	Charge control output

bq2002D/T Selection Guide

Part No.	TCO	HTF	LTF	Fast Charge	Time-Out	Top-Off	Maintenance
			None	C/4	440 min	None	None
bq2002D	0.225 * V _{CC}	0.25 * V _{CC}		1C	110 min	None	None
				2C	55 min	None	None
			0.4 * V _{CC}	C/4	320 min	C/64	C/256
bq2002T	0.225 * V _{CC}	0.25 * V _{CC}		1C	80 min	C/16	C/256
_				2C	40 min	None	C/128

Pin Descriptions

TM Timer mode input

A three-level input that controls the settings for the fast charge safety timer, voltage termination mode, top-off, pulse-trickle, and voltage hold-off time.

LED Charging output status

Open-drain output that indicates the charging status. $\,$

BAT Battery input voltage

The battery voltage sense input. The input to this pin is created by a high-impedance resistor divider network connected between the positive and negative terminals of the battery.

V_{SS} System ground

TS Temperature sense input

Input for an external battery temperature monitoring thermistor.

V_{CC} Supply voltage input

 $5.0V\pm20\%$ power input.

INH Charge inhibit input

When high, INH suspends the fast charge in progress. When returned low, the IC re-

sumes operation at the point where initially suspended.

CC Charge control output

An open-drain output used to control the charging current to the battery. CC switching to high impedance (Z) enables charging current to flow, and low to inhibit charging current. CC is modulated to provide top-off, if enabled, and pulse trickle.

Functional Description

Figures 2 and 3 show state diagrams of bq2002D/T and Figure 4 shows the block diagram of the bq2002D/T.

Battery Voltage and Temperature Measurements

Battery voltage and temperature are monitored for maximum allowable values. The voltage presented on the battery sense input, BAT, should represent a single-cell potential for the battery under charge. A resistor-divider ratio of

$$\frac{RB1}{RB2} = N - 1$$

is recommended to maintain the battery voltage within the valid range, where N is the number of cells, RB1 is the resistor connected to the positive battery terminal, and RB2 is the resistor connected to the negative battery terminal. See Figure 1.

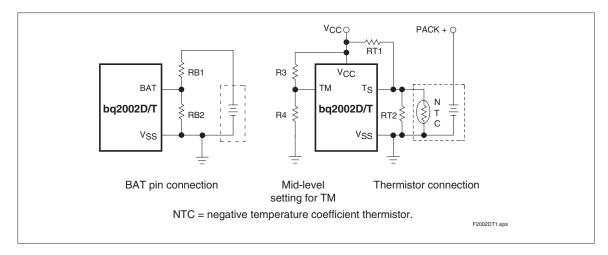


Figure 1. Voltage and Temperature Monitoring and TM Pin Configuration

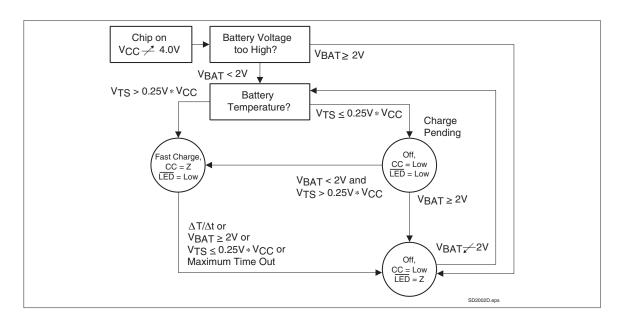


Figure 2. bq2002D State Diagram

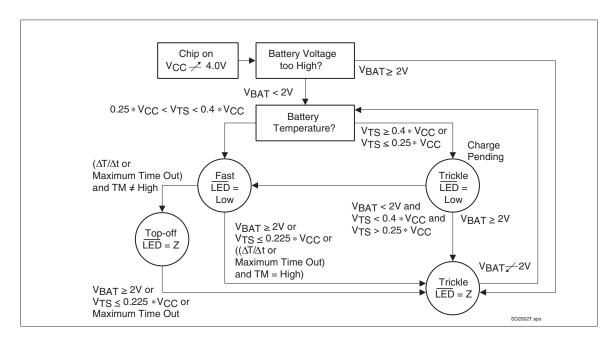


Figure 3. bq2002T State Diagram

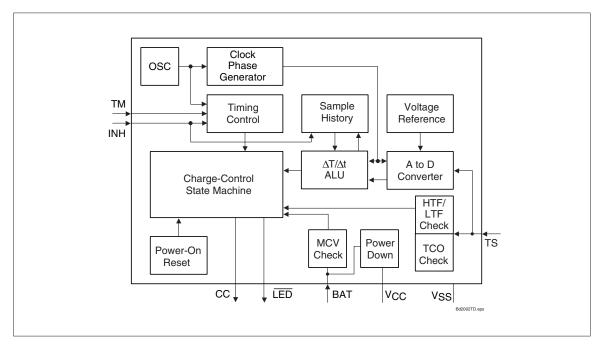


Figure 4. Block Diagram

Note: This resistor-divider network input impedance to end-to-end should be at least $200k\Omega$ and less than $1~M\Omega$.

A ground-referenced negative temperature coefficient thermistor placed in proximity to the battery may be used as a low-cost temperature-to-voltage transducer. The temperature sense voltage input at TS is developed using a resistor-thermistor network between V_{CC} and $V_{SS}. \;\;$ See Figure 1.

Starting A Charge Cycle

Either of two events starts a charge cycle (see Figure 5):

- 1. Application of power to V_{CC} or
- 2. Voltage at the BAT pin falling through the maximum cell voltage where $\,$

$$V_{MCV} = 2V \pm 5\%$$

If the battery is within the configured temperature and voltage limits, the IC begins fast charge. The valid battery voltage range is $V_{BAT} < V_{MCV}$. The valid temperature range is $V_{HTF} < V_{TS} < V_{LTF}$ for the bq2002T and $V_{HTF} < V_{TS}$ for the bq2002D where

$$V_{LTF} = 0.4*V_{CC}\pm5\%$$

 $V_{HTF} = 0.25 * V_{CC} \pm 5\%$ (bq2002T only)

If the battery voltage or temperature is outside of these limits, the IC pulse-trickle charges until the temperature falls within the allowed fast charge range or a new charge cycle is started.

Fast charge continues until termination by one or more of the four possible termination conditions:

- Rate of temperature rise
- Maximum voltage
- Maximum temperature
- Maximum time

T/ t Termination

The bq2002D/T samples at the voltage at the TS pin every 19s and compares it to the value measured three samples earlier. If the voltage has fallen 25.6mV or more, fast charge is terminated. The $\Delta T/\Delta t$ termination test is valid only when V_{TCO} < V_{TS} < V_{LTF} for the bq2002T and V_{TCO} < V_{TS} for the bq2002D.

Temperature Sampling

A sample is taken by averaging together 16 measurements taken $57\mu s$ apart. The resulting sample period (18.18ms) filters out harmonics around 55Hz. This tech-

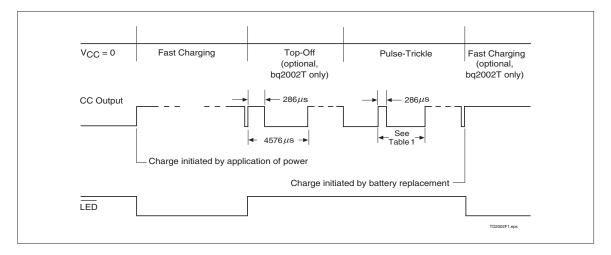


Figure 5. Charge Cycle Phases

nique minimizes the effect of any AC line ripple that may feed through the power supply from either 50Hz or 60Hz AC sources. Tolerance on all timing is $\pm 20\%$.

Maximum temperature termination occurs anytime the voltage on the TS pin falls below the temperature cut-off threshold $V_{\text{TCO}}\,\text{where}$

Maximum Voltage, Temperature, and Time

Any time the voltage on the BAT pin exceeds the maxi-

mum cell voltage, V_{MCV} , fast charge or optional top-off charge is terminated.

$V_{TCO} = 0.225 * V_{CC} \pm 5\%$

Maximum charge time is configured using the TM pin. Time settings are available for corresponding charge rates of C/4, 1C, and 2C. Maximum time-out termination is enforced on the fast-charge phase, then reset, and

Table 1. Fast-Charge Safety Time/Top-Off Table

Part No.	Corresponding Fast-Charge Rate	тм	Typical Fast-Charge and Top-Off Time Limits (minutes)	Top-Off Rate	Pulse- Trickle Rate	Pulse- Trickle Period (ms)
	C/4	Mid	440	None	None	None
bq2002D	1C	Low	110	None	None	None
	2C	High	55	None	None	None
	C/4	Mid	320	C/64	C/256	18.3
bq2002T	1C	Low	80	C/16	C/256	73.1
	2C	High	40	None	C/128	73.1

Notes: Typical conditions = 25°C, $V_{CC} = 5.0V$

 $Mid = 0.5 * V_{CC} \pm 0.5V$

Tolerance on all timing is $\pm 20\%$

enforced again on the top-off phase, if selected (bq2002T only). There is no time limit on the trickle-charge phase.

Top-off Charge—bg2002T Only

An optional top-off charge phase may be selected to follow fast charge termination for 1C and C/4 rates. This phase may be necessary on NiMH or other battery chemistries that have a tendency to terminate charge prior to reaching full capacity. With top-off enabled, charging continues at a reduced rate after fast-charge termination for a period of time selected by the TM pin. (See Table 1.) During top-off, the CC pin is modulated at a duty cycle of 286 μ s active for every 4290 μ s inactive. This modulation results in an average rate 1/16th that of the fast charge rate. Maximum voltage, time, and temperature are the only termination methods enabled during top-off.

Pulse-Trickle Charge—bq2002T Only

Pulse-trickle is used to compensate for self-discharge while the battery is idle in the charger. The battery is pulse-trickle charged by driving the CC pin active for a period of $286\mu s$ for every 72.9ms of inactivity for 1C and 2C selections, and $286\mu s$ for every 17.9ms of inactivity for C/4 selection. This results in a trickle rate of C/256 for the top-off enabled mode and C/128 otherwise.

TM Pin

The TM pin is a three-level pin used to select the charge timer, top-off, voltage termination mode, trickle rate, and voltage hold-off period options. Table 1 describes the states selected by the TM pin. The mid-level selection input is developed by a resistor divider between $V_{\rm CC}$ and ground that fixes the voltage on TM at $V_{\rm CC}/2\pm0.5V.$ See Figure 5.

Charge Status Indication

In the fast charge and charge pending states, and whenever the inhibit pin is active, the \overline{LED} pin goes low. The \overline{LED} pin is driven to the high-Z state for all other conditions. Figure 3 outlines the state of the \overline{LED} pin during charge.

Charge Inhibit

Fast charge and top-off may be inhibited by using the INH pin. When high, INH suspends all fast charge and top-off activity and the internal charge timer. INH freezes the current state of $\overline{\text{LED}}$ until inhibit is removed. Temperature monitoring is not affected by the INH pin. During charge inhibit, the bq2002D/T continues to pulse-trickle charge the battery per the TM selection. When INH returns low, charge control and the charge timer resume from the point where INH became active. The V_{TS} sample history is cleared by INH.

Low-Power Mode

The IC enters a low-power state when V_{BAT} is driven above the power-down threshold (V_{PD}) where

$$V_{PD} = V_{CC} - (1V \pm 0.5V)$$

Both the CC pin and the \overline{LED} pin are driven to the high-Z state. The operating current is reduced to less than $1\mu A$ in this mode. When V_{BAT} returns to a value below V_{PD} , the IC pulse-trickle charges until the next new charge cycle begins.

Absolute Maximum Ratings

Symbol	Parameter	Minimum	Maximum	Unit	Notes
V_{CC}	V _{CC} relative to V _{SS}	-0.3	+7.0	V	
V_{T}	DC voltage applied on any pin excluding V_{CC} relative to V_{SS}	-0.3	+7.0	V	
T _{OPR}	Operating ambient temperature	0	+70	°C	Commercial
T _{STG}	Storage temperature	-40	+85	°C	
T _{SOLDER}	Soldering temperature	-	+260	°C	10s max.
T _{BIAS}	Temperature under bias	-40	+85	°C	

Note:

Permanent device damage may occur if **Absolute Maximum Ratings** are exceeded. Functional operation should be limited to the Recommended DC Operating Conditions detailed in this data sheet. Exposure to conditions beyond the operational limits for extended periods of time may affect device reliability.

DC Thresholds (TA = 0 to 70°C; VCC ±20%)

Symbol	Parameter Rating Tolerance		Unit	Notes	
V _{TCO}	Temperature cutoff	0.225 * V _{CC}	±5%	V	$V_{TS} \leq V_{TCO} \ \ terminates \ fast \ charge \\ and \ top-off$
V _{HTF}	High-temperature fault	0.25 * V _{CC}	±5%	V	$V_{TS} \le V_{HTF}$ inhibits fast charge start
$V_{\rm LTF}$	Low-temperature fault	0.4 * V _{CC}	±5%	V	$V_{TS} \geq V_{LTF} \ inhibits \ fast \ charge \ start \ (bq2002T \ only)$
V _{MCV}	Maximum cell voltage	2	±5%	V	$V_{BAT} \geq V_{MCV} \ inhibits/terminates \ fast \\ charge$

Recommended DC Operating Conditions (TA = 0 to 70°C)

Symbol	Condition	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Unit	Notes
V _{CC}	Supply voltage	4.0	5.0	6.0	V	
V _{BAT}	Battery input	0	-	V_{CC}	V	
V _{TS}	Thermistor input	0.5	-	$V_{\rm CC}$	V	$V_{TS} < 0.5V$ prohibited
3 7	Logic input high	0.5	-	-	V	INH
V_{IH}	Logic input high	V _{CC} - 0.5	-	-	V	TM
V _{IM}	Logic input mid	$\frac{\mathrm{V_{CC}}}{2}$ - 0.5	-	$\frac{V_{CC}}{2} + 0.5$	V	TM
3.7	Logic input low	-	-	0.1	V	INH
V_{IL}	Logic input low	-	-	0.5	V	TM
Vol	Logic output low	-	-	0.8	V	TED, CC, I _{OL} = 10mA
V _{PD}	Power down	V _{CC} - 1.5	-	V _{CC} - 0.5	V	$\begin{aligned} &V_{BAT}\!\geq\!V_{PD}\ max.\ powers\\ &down\ bq2002D/T;\\ &V_{BAT}< V_{PD}\ min.\ =\\ &normal\ operation. \end{aligned}$
I_{CC}	Supply current	-	-	500	μΑ	Outputs unloaded, $V_{CC} = 5.1V$
I_{SB}	Standby current	-	-	1	μΑ	$V_{CC} = 5.1V$, $V_{BAT} = V_{PD}$
I _{OL}	TED, CC sink	10	-	-	mA	$@V_{OL} = V_{SS} + 0.8V$
I_L	Input leakage	-	-	±1	μΑ	INH, CC, V = V _{SS} to V _{CC}
Ioz	Output leakage in high-Z state	-5	-	-	μА	LED, CC

Note: All voltages relative to V_{SS} .

Impedance

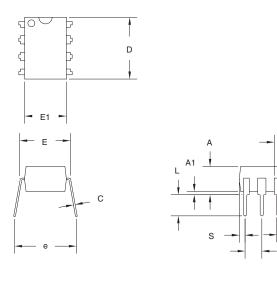
Symbol	Parameter	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Unit
R _{BAT}	Battery input impedance	50	-	-	ΜΩ
R _{TS}	TS input impedance	50	-	-	ΜΩ

Timing (TA = 0 to +70°C; VCC \pm 10%)

Symbol	Parameter	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Unit	Notes
d_{FCV}	Time-base variation	-20	-	20	%	

Note: Typical is at $T_A = 25$ °C, $V_{CC} = 5.0$ V.

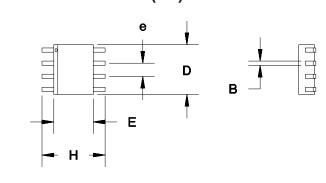
8-Pin DIP (PN)

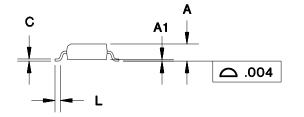


8-Pin PN (0.300" DIP)

	Inc	hes	Millin	neters
Dimension	Min.	Min. Max.		Max.
A	0.160	0.180	4.06	4.57
A1	0.015	0.040	0.38	1.02
В	0.015	0.022	0.38	0.56
B1	0.055	0.065	1.40	1.65
С	0.008	0.013	0.20	0.33
D	0.350	0.380	8.89	9.65
Е	0.300	0.325	7.62	8.26
E1	0.230	0.280	5.84	7.11
e	0.300	0.370	7.62	9.40
G	0.090	0.110	2.29	2.79
L	0.115	0.150	2.92	3.81
S	0.020	0.040	0.51	1.02

8-Pin SOIC Narrow (SN)





8-Pin SN (0.150" SOIC)

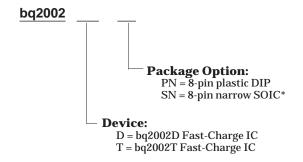
	Inc	hes	Millin	neters
Dimension	Min.	Min. Max.		Max.
A	0.060	0.070	1.52	1.78
A1	0.004	0.010	0.10	0.25
В	0.013	0.020	0.33	0.51
С	0.007	0.010	0.18	0.25
D	0.185	0.200	4.70	5.08
Е	0.150	0.160	3.81	4.06
e	0.045	0.055	1.14	1.40
Н	0.225	0.245	5.72	6.22
L	0.015	0.035	0.38	0.89

Data Sheet Revision History

Change No.	Page No.	Description	Nature of Change
1	3	Was: Table 1 gave the bq2002D/T Operational Summary. Is: Figure 2 gives the bq2002D/T Operational Summary.	Changed table to figure.
1	5	Added top-off values.	Added column and values.
2	All	Revised and expanded this data sheet	
3	All	Revised and included bq2002D	Addition of device
4		Specified package information for the bq2002D	
5	1, 5	Corrected transposed rows in Selection Guide Table and made Table 1 consistent with Selection Guide.	

Notes: Change 1 = Sept. 1996 B changes from Aug. 1994.

Ordering Information



 $^{^{\}ast}\,$ bq2002D is only available in the 8-pin narrow SOIC package





com 15-Jul-2008

PACKAGING INFORMATION

Orderable Device	Status ⁽¹⁾	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	Package Qty	e Eco Plan ⁽²⁾	Lead/Ball Finish	MSL Peak Temp (3)
BQ2002DSN	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	8	75	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
BQ2002DSNG4	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	8	75	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
BQ2002DSNTR	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	8	2500	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
BQ2002DSNTRG4	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	8	2500	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
BQ2002TPN	ACTIVE	PDIP	Р	8	50	Pb-Free (RoHS)	CU NIPDAU	N / A for Pkg Type
BQ2002TPNE4	ACTIVE	PDIP	Р	8	50	Pb-Free (RoHS)	CU NIPDAU	N / A for Pkg Type
BQ2002TSN	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	8	75	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
BQ2002TSNG4	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	8	75	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
BQ2002TSNTR	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	8	2500	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
BQ2002TSNTRG4	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	8	2500	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM

(1) The marketing status values are defined as follows:

ACTIVE: Product device recommended for new designs.

LIFEBUY: TI has announced that the device will be discontinued, and a lifetime-buy period is in effect.

NRND: Not recommended for new designs. Device is in production to support existing customers, but TI does not recommend using this part in a new design.

PREVIEW: Device has been announced but is not in production. Samples may or may not be available.

OBSOLETE: TI has discontinued the production of the device.

(2) Eco Plan - The planned eco-friendly classification: Pb-Free (RoHS), Pb-Free (RoHS Exempt), or Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) - please check http://www.ti.com/productcontent for the latest availability information and additional product content details.

TBD: The Pb-Free/Green conversion plan has not been defined.

Pb-Free (RoHS): TI's terms "Lead-Free" or "Pb-Free" mean semiconductor products that are compatible with the current RoHS requirements for all 6 substances, including the requirement that lead not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous materials. Where designed to be soldered at high temperatures, TI Pb-Free products are suitable for use in specified lead-free processes.

Pb-Free (RoHS Exempt): This component has a RoHS exemption for either 1) lead-based flip-chip solder bumps used between the die and package, or 2) lead-based die adhesive used between the die and leadframe. The component is otherwise considered Pb-Free (RoHS compatible) as defined above.

Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br): TI defines "Green" to mean Pb-Free (RoHS compatible), and free of Bromine (Br) and Antimony (Sb) based flame retardants (Br or Sb do not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous material)

(3) MSL, Peak Temp. -- The Moisture Sensitivity Level rating according to the JEDEC industry standard classifications, and peak solder temperature.

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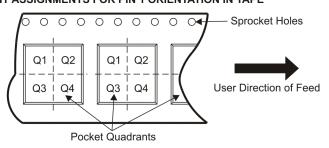
TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION





	Dimension designed to accommodate the component width
В0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component length
K0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component thickness
W	Overall width of the carrier tape
P1	Pitch between successive cavity centers

QUADRANT ASSIGNMENTS FOR PIN 1 ORIENTATION IN TAPE



*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing			Reel Diameter (mm)	Reel Width W1 (mm)	A0 (mm)	B0 (mm)	K0 (mm)	P1 (mm)	W (mm)	Pin1 Quadrant
BQ2002DSNTR	SOIC	D	8	2500	330.0	12.4	6.4	5.2	2.1	8.0	12.0	Q1
BQ2002TSNTR	SOIC	D	8	2500	330.0	12.4	6.4	5.2	2.1	8.0	12.0	Q1





*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Length (mm)	Width (mm)	Height (mm)
BQ2002DSNTR	SOIC	D	8	2500	340.5	338.1	20.6
BQ2002TSNTR	SOIC	D	8	2500	340.5	338.1	20.6

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